WinFrog Device Group:	ROV	
Device Name/Model:	NSCADA Data Logger	
Device Manufacturer:	Perry Slingsby Systems - USA 821 Jupiter Park Drive Jupiter, Florida 33458-8946 Tel: +1.561.743.7000; Fax: +1.561.743.1313 www.perrytritech.com	
	Perry Slingsby Systems - UK Ings Lane, Kirkbymoorside York, England YO62 6EZ Tel: +44 1751 431751; Fax: +44 1751 431388	
Device Data String(s) Output to WinFrog:	Heading, Depth, Altitude, Burial Depth	
WinFrog Data String(s) Output to Device:	\$NORCLOG: shipHeading, shipLatDeg, shipLatMin, shipLatCode, shipLonDeg, shipLonMin, shipLonCode, rovLatDeg, rovLatMin, rovLatCode, rovLonDeg, rovLonMin, rovLonCode, ROVkp	
WinFrog Data Item(s) and their RAW record:	ROV Data496Heading410Heading Output910Bottom Depth411Bottom Depth Output911	

DEVICE DESCRIPTION:

The NSCADA Data Logger is manufactured by Perry Tritech for use on sub sea vehicles such as trenchers, plows and ROV's. It outputs the relevant ship and ROV data to the DATALOGGER and the relevant ROV data to the WinFrog system. See Output descriptions above for more details on data output.

DEVICE CONFIGURATION INSTRUCTIONS

WINFROG I/O DEVICES > EDIT I/O:

Serial Configurable Parameters

WINFROG I/O DEVICES > CONFIGURE DEVICE:

The NSCADA Datalogger is added to WinFrog from the ROV device group. The **ROV REF VEH**, **ROVDATA**, **HEADING** and **BOTTOMDEPTH** data items are added to the system when the device is initiated.

The Depth, Altitude, Heading and Burial Depth are available in the Decoded Data of the I/O Device window.

By highlighting the NSCADA device in the I/O Device window, right-clicking and selecting Configure Device, the Data output interval for the NSCADA Datalogger can be changed, from the default value of 1 second to the appropriate interval.

NSCADA Datalogger		
Data output interval	OK	
1.000 Seconds	Cancel	

The NSCADA Datalogger can be positioned on the sub-sea vehicle using either a Towed Vehicle device, or acoustics. Refer to documentation on the Towed Vehicle, USBL or LBL device used for positioning the sub-sea vehicle.

WINFROG VEHICLE > CONFIGURE VEHICLE DEVICES > DEVICE DATA ITEM > EDIT:

The **ROV REF VEH** data item is added to the master vessel or ship. **The ROVDATA**, **HEADING** and **BOTTOMDEPTH** data items can be added to the sub-sea vehicle. This will permit logging of the raw data files, and will supply Ship and ROV position data, as well as the KP value, to the Datalogger. All of the data items can be edited from the Configure Vehicle-Devices dialog box.

Data item: ROV, NSCADA Datalogger, ROV REF VEH

Configure ROV Reference		? ×
Graphics	Height Tow Poin 0.00m	t Above Water
Offsets Fore/Aft 3.00m	Port/Stbd -2.00m	Height 2.00m
ОК	Cancel	Help

Graphics:

Turning on the Graphics will display the device name and a square at the location of the 'ROV', within the Graphics and Bird's Eye windows.

Tow Point Height:

The height of the tow point above water is added for layback calculations only if a towed vehicle model is used.

Offsets:

The X,Y,Z Offsets are applied from CRP to the Scanning Head Location. These values are set similar to values that would be applied to any device offset within WinFrog.

Note: It is advised to use the waterline as the vertical CRP reference when sub-sea positioning devices are employed.

Data item: ROV, NSCADA Datalogger, ROVDATA

Configure RO¥	×			
Altitude Calculation • Primary • Secondary	Burial Depth Calculation Primary Secondary			
Depth Sensor	Graphics			
Use sensor for ROV depth? • Yes • No	⊂ On ⊙ Off			
Odometer Based Positioning Odometer (m) 0.00m				
 Depth and Altimeter Sensor Configuration Use altitude and depth as corrected by the device Correct attitude and depth. The default attitude data is from this device. If another attitude source is active, it will be used. Use offsets from the Device configuration. Use following offsets. 				
Altitude Sensor Fore / Aft Port / Starboard Up / Down 0.00m 0.00m 0.00m				
Depth Sensor Fore / Aft Port / S 0.00m 0.00m	tarboard Up / Down			
OK Cano	el			

Altitude Calculation/Burial Depth Calculation:

The altitude and burial depth calculations should be set to Primary if either is being used for real-time assignment to this vehicle.

Graphics:

Not used by this device.

Depth Sensor

Use sensor for ROV depth:

Yes will cause the depth of this vehicle's CRP to be determined from the observed depth value found in the string from this device plus the depth offset below. This vehicle's elevation will be the negative of the value above. This value will be used to calculate the bottom depth.

The bottom depth will be determined as: Observed depth +Depth Offset + observed altimeter - altitude Offset

No will result with this device obtaining the depth of the CRP from the vehicle itself, as opposed to assigning it to the vehicle as above. The operator must assign another device to determine the depth of the vehicle (e.g. USBL and assigning it as the source for depth).

Odometer Based Positioning:

The odometer based positioning option is not used for this device.

Depth and Altimeter Configuration:

Altitude Offset is the distance between the altitude sensor and the CRP. Positive if the sensor is above the CRP.

Depth Offset is the distance between the depth sensor and the CRP. Positive if the sensor is above the CRP.

The offset position will be corrected for pitch and roll then the vertical offsets will be applied to determine the depth and altimeter. If no pitch and roll corrections are required, enter 0 for the Fore/Aft Port/Starboard offsets but the Up/Down corrections will still be applied, unless they are 0.

The depth and altitude sensor offsets are used to determine the bottom depth, however the pitch and roll correction is not applied to these offsets when determining the bottom depth.

Data Item: ROV, NSCADA Datalogger, HEADING

The configuration of the Heading is accomplished using the Configure Gyro dialog box. The NSCADA Datalogger supplies a heading value for the ROV. You may wish to set this device to secondary, where the heading will be available for post processing, but not for real-time display.

Configure Gyro	×		
Heading Data Item Op Application Mode Primary Secondary	Heading Offset		
Heading Filter	Heading Gate		
Mulitple Heading Sources Options			
O Disable Auto Switching Operation			
 Enable Auto Switching Operation 			
Age of data in seconds when switch occurs 10.0s			
ОК	Cancel Help		

Heading Data Item Options:

Application Mode(Primary/Secondary):

Set the type of calculation to Primary or Secondary by selecting the appropriate radio button. Devices set to Primary are used to provide the vehicle heading information. Devices set to Secondary are simply monitored, and are not used in the vehicle's calculations.

Note that WinFrog supports automatic switching from a designated Primary to a Secondary in the event that data from the Primary fails (see Multiple Heading Sources Options).

Heading Offset:

A correction value (as determined from a gyro calibration) can be input in the Heading Offset box. This value is added to the heading value from the device to provide a corrected heading for the vehicle. Note that positive or negative values can be entered.

Heading Filter/Heading Gate:

The Heading Filter is used to "smooth" heading values used by the vehicle. The value entered in the Heading Filter indicates the number of headings that will be used to predict the next heading value. The larger the value entered, the "heavier" the filter will be - i.e. the slower the vehicle's heading will respond to changes.

The Heading Gate defines a tolerance value to limit the use of anomalies in gyro readings. If the next observed gyro value received falls outside the specified range of predicted values (i.e. plus or minus the entered value), the value will not be used.

Multiple Heading Sources Options:

WinFrog supports automatic switching from a designated Primary source to an alternate Secondary source in the event that the Primary fails. The first Secondary source to receive data after the Primary has failed becomes the alternate Primary providing the heading for the vehicle. When the designated Primary is detected as active again, the alternate Primary source reverts to Secondary and the designated Primary provides the heading data to the vehicle.

If an alternate Secondary fails and there are additional Secondary sources, it in turn is detected by the first of the remaining operational Secondary sources to receive data after the failure, at which time this Secondary becomes the alternate Primary.

Note that this option is only available if more than one HEADING source is associated with the respective vehicle. Changes made to the Auto Switching options for any one of the HEADING data items are automatically assigned to the others upon exiting this dialog with OK. If the Auto Switching option is enabled and the respective HEADING source has been set to Primary, all others are automatically set to Secondary. The exception to this is when configuring a WinFrog Controlled Remote (WinFrog with a Remote module) from a Controller. In this case, changes made to one HEADING source are not automatically made to other HEADING sources. The operator must explicitly make them for each HEADING source.

This option is not available in the WinFrog Remote package.

Disable/Enable Auto Switching Operation:

Select the mode you wish to operate WinFrog.

Age of data in seconds when switch occurs:

Enter the age of data that is permitted before the source is considered to have failed.

Data Item: ROV, NSCADA Datalogger, BOTTOMDEPTH

Editing the BOTTOMDEPTH data item in the Configure Vehicle – Devices dialog box brings up the Configure Sounder dialog box.

Configure Sound	er	? ×			
Calculation Primary Secondary	Graphics O Off O On	Apply Tides O Yes O No			
Soundings for Profile Collect Data Distance Interval 25.00m Purge RAM					
no file	me:				
Abort Saving Data		Browse			
☑ Display Soundings Data in Profile Window					
C Offsets					
Fore/Aft	Port/Stbd	Depth			
10.00m	10.00m	0.00m			
ОК	Cancel	Help			

Calculation:

Set the type of calculation to primary or secondary using the calculation radio buttons. A primary sounder will record data in the vehicles' raw data files (i.e. raw data type 300, 350, 351), where the secondary sounder setup will not. In either case the raw data will still be recorded under the 411 data type.

Graphics:

If the Graphics is turned on, a labeled square will show the raw (unfiltered) location of the sounder, in the Graphics and/or Bird's Eye windows.

Apply Tides:

If the On radio button is selected, WinFrog will apply tidal corrections to the observed depth data to enable the display and recording of chart datum referenced depths. Tide data can be received from an interfaced real time depth sensor or from tide prediction files containing time and tide height data. Note that the tide device or file must also be added to the vehicle's device list. Refer to documentation on the Tide device for more information.

Note: The Ribbit processing program uses the same tide format as WinFrog.

Soundings for Profile:

This section permits the collection of data for database logging separate from WinFrog and Ribbit. This database can then be used for numerous applications including real time display within the Profile window, or data collection for later display in the Profile window.

Data will be collected, at the **Distance Interval** stated, when the **Collect Data** checkbox is selected. The interval can be either **Along Line**, or at the **Actual Distance** (from last fix).

The data is stored in the RAM memory of the computer. Any data collected that will not be required at later time can be deleted by selecting the **Purge RAM** checkbox, and exiting the dialog by clicking the OK button.

A **Database Filename** can be chosen and the filename is displayed in this dialog. The **Abort Saving Data** checkbox can be selected if a problem occurs and you want to stop saving the data at that instance.

The **Display Soundings Data in Profile Window** checkbox can be selected if you want the data to be displayed in the Profile window, in real time.

Offsets:

The offsets for the individual transducer are input here. The standard Fore/Aft, Port/Starboard offset signage is used. The depth value is positive down. Rule of thumb suggests that the water line be used for the vertical datum.

Note: Presently the sounder offsets should be left out unless the Altitude and Depth sensors are in the same X, Y location. Post-processing the data, with an attitude (pitch and roll) sensor present on the ROV will provide more accurate water depths should the ROV be tilted.

CONFIGURATION DETAILS:

Refer to system documentation on the installation and hook up of this unit. Interfacing to this unit should only be performed by experienced personnel.